

# Contents

*Preface* page xv  
*List of Figures* xvii  
*List of Tables* xviii  
*List of Abbreviations* xix  
*Table of Cases* xxi  
*Table of Treaties and Instruments* xxv

## **PART I THE DIVIDED OCEANS: INTERNATIONAL LAW GOVERNING JURISDICTIONAL ZONES 1**

**1 The Law of the sea in perspective 3**  
**1 Introduction 3**  
1.1 General considerations 3  
1.2 Functions of the law of the sea 4  
**2 Marine spaces in the law of the sea 5**  
2.1 Scope of the oceans in the law of the sea 5  
2.2 Typology of marine spaces 5  
**3 Sources of the international law of the sea 8**  
3.1 Formal sources 8  
3.2 Material sources 13  
**4 Principles of the international law of the sea 16**  
4.1 Principle of freedom 16  
4.2 Principle of sovereignty 17  
4.3 Principle of the common heritage of mankind 19  
**5 The codification of the law of the sea 20**  
5.1 The Hague Conference for the Codification of International Law (1930) 20  
5.2 The First UN Conference on the Law of the Sea (1958) 21  
5.3 The Second UN Conference on the Law of the Sea (1960) 24  
5.4 The Third UN Conference on the Law of the Sea (1973–1982) 24  
**6 Outline of the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea 30**  
6.1 General considerations 30  
6.2 Principal features of the Convention 31

<b>7</b>	<b>Development after UNCLOS III</b>	<b>32</b>
7.1	General considerations	32
7.2	Adoption of two Implementation Agreements	33
7.3	De facto amendment of the LOSC through Meetings of States Parties	34
7.4	Development of the law of the sea through international organisations	35
<b>8</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Baselines and related issues</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Baselines</b>	<b>44</b>
2.1	Normal baselines	44
2.2	Straight baselines	45
2.3	Juridical bays	53
2.4	Historic bays	56
2.5	Bays bordered by more than one State	59
2.6	River mouths	60
2.7	Ports	61
<b>3</b>	<b>Islands</b>	<b>62</b>
3.1	Nature of the problem	62
3.2	Geological elements of islands	63
3.3	Socio-economic elements of islands	64
3.4	Customary law nature of Article 121	67
3.5	Reefs	68
<b>4</b>	<b>Low-tide elevations</b>	<b>69</b>
4.1	Identification of low-tide elevations	69
4.2	Case law concerning low-tide elevations	70
<b>5</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Marine spaces under national jurisdiction I: territorial sovereignty</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Internal waters</b>	<b>77</b>
2.1	Spatial scope of internal waters	77
2.2	Legal status of internal waters	78
2.3	Jurisdiction of the coastal State over foreign vessels in internal waters	78
2.4	Access to ports	80
2.5	Ships in distress at sea	81
<b>3</b>	<b>Territorial sea</b>	<b>83</b>
3.1	Legal status of the territorial sea	83
3.2	The right of innocent passage	85
3.3	The right of innocent passage of warships	88
3.4	The right of innocent passage of foreign nuclear-powered ships and ships carrying inherently dangerous or noxious substances	92
3.5	The rights of the coastal State concerning innocent passage	93
3.6	The obligations of the coastal State concerning innocent passage	95
<b>4</b>	<b>International straits</b>	<b>96</b>
4.1	Legal framework for international straits prior to 1982	96
4.2	Typology of international straits under the LOSC	97
4.3	International straits under Part III of the LOSC	97

4.4	International straits outside the scope of Part III of the LOSC	100
4.5	The right of transit passage	102
4.6	Rights and obligations of coastal States bordering straits	104
4.7	Customary law character of the right of transit passage	106
4.8	Non-suspendable innocent passage	107
4.9	Legality of creation of bridges in international straits	107
<b>5</b>	<b>Archipelagic waters</b>	<b>108</b>
5.1	General considerations	108
5.2	Definition of an archipelago, archipelagic States and archipelagic waters	109
5.3	Archipelagic baselines	110
5.4	Jurisdiction of archipelagic States over archipelagic waters	112
5.5	The right of innocent passage through archipelagic waters	113
5.6	The right of archipelagic sea lanes passage	114
5.7	Rights and obligations of an archipelagic State	116
<b>6</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>116</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Marine spaces under national jurisdiction II: sovereign rights</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Contiguous zone</b>	<b>121</b>
2.1	The concept of the contiguous zone	121
2.2	Coastal State jurisdiction over the contiguous zone	122
<b>3</b>	<b>Exclusive economic zone</b>	<b>124</b>
3.1	Genesis of the concept of the EEZ	124
3.2	Legal status of the EEZ	125
3.3	Sovereign rights over the EEZ	126
3.4	Jurisdiction of coastal States over the EEZ	128
3.5	Freedoms of third States	130
3.6	Residual rights	131
<b>4</b>	<b>Continental shelf</b>	<b>132</b>
4.1	Genesis of the concept of the continental shelf	132
4.2	Spatial scope of the continental shelf	133
4.3	Criteria for determining the outer limits of the continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles	135
4.4	The Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf	138
4.5	Procedures to establish the outer limits of the continental shelf	139
4.6	Payments concerning the exploitation of the continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles	141
4.7	The sovereign rights of the coastal State over the continental shelf	142
4.8	Freedoms of third States	144
<b>5</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>146</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Marine spaces beyond national jurisdiction</b>	<b>149</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>149</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>The high seas</b>	<b>150</b>
2.1	Spatial scope of the high seas	150
2.2	Principle of the freedom of the high seas	150
2.3	Principle of the exclusive jurisdiction of the flag State	152
2.4	The nationality of a ship	155

2.5	Problems associated with flags of convenience	157
2.6	Exceptions to the exclusive jurisdiction of the flag State (1): the right of visit	159
2.7	Exceptions to the exclusive jurisdiction of the flag State (2): the right of hot pursuit	163
2.8	Exceptional measures	167
<b>3</b>	<b>The Area</b>	<b>170</b>
3.1	General considerations	170
3.2	Spatial scope of the Area	170
3.3	<i>Raison d'être</i> of the principle of the common heritage of mankind	171
3.4	Elements of the principle of the common heritage of mankind	172
3.5	International Seabed Authority	173
3.6	System for the exploration and exploitation of resources of the Area	177
3.7	The 1994 Implementation Agreement	178
3.8	Evaluation	182
<b>4</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>183</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Maritime delimitation</b>	<b>186</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>186</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Concept of maritime delimitation</b>	<b>187</b>
2.1	Definition	187
2.2	Typology of maritime delimitation	188
<b>3</b>	<b>Treaty law concerning maritime delimitation</b>	<b>188</b>
3.1	The 1958 Geneva Conventions	188
3.2	The 1982 UN Convention on the Law of the Sea	190
<b>4</b>	<b>Development of case law relating to maritime delimitation: two contrasting approaches</b>	<b>192</b>
4.1	The first phase (1969–1992)	192
4.2	The second phase (1993–present)	194
4.3	Commentary	197
<b>5</b>	<b>Consideration of relevant circumstances (1): geographical factors</b>	<b>198</b>
5.1	Configuration of coasts	198
5.2	Proportionality	199
5.3	Baselines	202
5.4	Presence of islands	204
5.5	Geological and geomorphological factors	206
5.6	Presence of third States	206
<b>6</b>	<b>Consideration of relevant circumstances (2): non-geographical factors</b>	<b>208</b>
6.1	Economic factors	208
6.2	Conduct of the parties	210
6.3	Historic rights	211
6.4	Security interests	212
6.5	Navigational factors	212
6.6	Environmental factors	212
<b>7</b>	<b>An evaluation</b>	<b>213</b>
7.1	General trend of case law	213
7.2	Judicial creativity in the law of maritime delimitation	213
<b>8</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>214</b>

## PART II OUR COMMON OCEAN: PROTECTION OF COMMUNITY INTERESTS AT SEA 217

- 7 Conservation of marine living resources 219**
  - 1 Introduction 219
  - 2 Conservation of marine living resources prior to 1982 221
  - 3 Conservation of marine living resources under the LOSC (1):  
the zonal management approach 222
    - 3.1 General considerations 222
    - 3.2 Conservation of marine living resources in the EEZ 223
    - 3.3 Conservation of marine living resources in the high seas 224
    - 3.4 Limits of the zonal management approach 226
  - 4 Conservation of marine living resources under the LOSC (2):  
the species specific approach 227
    - 4.1 Shared and straddling fish stocks 227
    - 4.2 Highly migratory species 228
    - 4.3 Marine mammals 228
    - 4.4 Anadromous stocks 232
    - 4.5 Catadromous species 234
    - 4.6 Limits of the species specific approach 234
  - 5 Development after the LOSC 235
    - 5.1 The concept of sustainable development 235
    - 5.2 The ecosystem approach 237
    - 5.3 The precautionary approach 239
  - 6 Ensuring compliance 242
    - 6.1 Flag State responsibility and its limits 242
    - 6.2 At-sea inspection of vessels of Contracting Parties 244
    - 6.3 At-sea inspection of non-Contracting Party vessels 246
    - 6.4 Port inspection of Contracting Party vessels 247
    - 6.5 Port inspection of non-Contracting Party vessels 249
  - 7 Conclusions 250
- 8 Protection of the marine environment 253**
  - 1 Introduction 253
  - 2 Typology of marine pollution 255
    - 2.1 General considerations 255
    - 2.2 Land-based marine pollution 256
    - 2.3 Vessel-source marine pollution 257
    - 2.4 Dumping at sea 258
    - 2.5 Pollution from seabed activities 259
  - 3 Legal framework for marine environmental protection prior to 1982 260
    - 3.1 Customary law 260
    - 3.2 Treaty law 262
  - 4 Protection of the marine environment in the LOSC 262
    - 4.1 Generality and comprehensiveness 263
    - 4.2 Uniformity of rules 264
    - 4.3 Obligation to cooperate in the protection of the marine environment 265

<b>5</b>	<b>Regulation of land-based marine pollution</b>	<b>266</b>
5.1	Limits of the global legal framework	266
5.2	Development of regional treaties	269
5.3	Identification of harmful substances	270
5.4	Precautionary approach	272
5.5	Environmental impact assessment	272
5.6	International control	274
<b>6</b>	<b>Regulation of vessel-source marine pollution</b>	<b>276</b>
6.1	MARPOL	276
6.2	The LOSC regime (1): regulation by flag States	280
6.3	The LOSC regime (2): regulation by coastal States	281
6.4	The LOSC regime (3): regulation by port States	283
6.5	Port State Control	285
6.6	Intervention by coastal States in the case of pollution casualties	287
6.7	Pollution emergencies at sea	289
6.8	Liability for oil pollution damage	291
6.9	Liability for other pollution damage	295
<b>7</b>	<b>Dumping at sea</b>	<b>298</b>
7.1	Regulation of dumping at sea under the LOSC	298
7.2	The 1972 London Dumping Convention and the 1996 Protocol	299
7.3	Regional treaties	300
7.4	Ocean sequestration and fertilisation	301
<b>8</b>	<b>Regulation of pollution from seabed activities</b>	<b>302</b>
8.1	Marine pollution arising from seabed activities under national jurisdiction	302
8.2	Marine pollution arising from seabed activities in the Area	303
<b>9</b>	<b>Environmental protection of ice-covered areas</b>	<b>305</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>307</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Conservation of marine biological diversity</b>	<b>312</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>312</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Principal approaches to conservation of marine biological diversity</b>	<b>314</b>
2.1	General considerations	314
2.2	Three approaches	314
<b>3</b>	<b>Global legal frameworks for the conservation of marine biological diversity</b>	<b>316</b>
3.1	The 1982 UN Convention on the Law of the Sea	316
3.2	The 1992 Convention on Biological Diversity	319
<b>4</b>	<b>Marine Protected Areas</b>	<b>324</b>
4.1	General considerations	324
4.2	Typology of MPAs in international law	325
4.3	MPAs in the high seas	328
4.4	Limits of MPAs	332
<b>5</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>332</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Marine scientific research</b>	<b>335</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>335</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>The concept of marine scientific research</b>	<b>336</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Regulation of marine scientific research in the LOSC</b>	<b>338</b>
3.1	General considerations	338
3.2	Marine scientific research in marine spaces under national jurisdiction	339

3.3	Marine scientific research in marine spaces beyond national jurisdiction	341
3.4	Regulation of scientific research installations	342
<b>4</b>	<b>Legality of military and hydrographic surveys in the EEZ</b>	<b>344</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>International cooperation in marine scientific research</b>	<b>346</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Transfer of technology</b>	<b>347</b>
6.1	Transfer of technology under the LOSC	347
6.2	IOC criteria and guidelines on the transfer of marine technology	349
<b>7</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>350</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Maintenance of international peace and security at sea</b>	<b>353</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>353</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>The suppression of piracy</b>	<b>354</b>
2.1	Concept of piracy	354
2.2	Seizure of pirates	357
2.3	The role of the UN Security Council in counter-piracy operations	360
<b>3</b>	<b>Regulation of unlawful offences and weapons of mass destruction at sea</b>	<b>361</b>
3.1	The 2005 SUA Convention	361
3.2	Proliferation security initiative	365
3.3	United Nations interdictions at sea	367
<b>4</b>	<b>Military exercises in the EEZ</b>	<b>367</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Regulation of nuclear weapons at sea</b>	<b>370</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>372</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Land-locked and geographically disadvantaged states</b>	<b>376</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>376</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Land-locked States and access to the sea</b>	<b>378</b>
2.1	Legal regime prior to the LOSC	378
2.2	Legal regime of the LOSC	380
<b>3</b>	<b>The navigational rights of land-locked States</b>	<b>382</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Land-locked and geographically disadvantaged States and uses of the oceans</b>	<b>383</b>
4.1	Fishing rights	383
4.2	Exploitation of non-living resources in the oceans	385
4.3	Marine scientific research	386
<b>5</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>387</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Peaceful settlement of international disputes</b>	<b>390</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>390</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Basic structure of dispute settlement procedures in the LOSC</b>	<b>391</b>
2.1	General considerations	391
2.2	The interlinkage between voluntary and compulsory procedures for dispute settlement	393
2.3	Voluntary conciliation	397
<b>3</b>	<b>Compulsory procedures for dispute settlement</b>	<b>398</b>
3.1	Multiplicity of forums	398
3.2	Limitations to the compulsory procedures	400
3.3	Optional exceptions to the compulsory procedures	402
<b>4</b>	<b>The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (1): Organisation</b>	<b>404</b>
4.1	Members of ITLOS	404
4.2	The Seabed Disputes Chamber	407
4.3	Special chambers	408

<b>5</b>	<b>The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (2): Procedure</b>	<b>409</b>
5.1	Jurisdiction of ITLOS	409
5.2	Applicable law	410
5.3	Proceedings before ITLOS	410
5.4	Incidental proceedings	410
5.5	Judgment	414
5.6	Advisory proceedings	415
5.7	Prompt release procedure	417
<b>6</b>	<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>420</b>
	<i>Index</i>	424