

# Contents

...

<i>Editor's Note</i>	ix
<i>Introduction</i>	1
1. THE HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW	9
1.1. Prehistory—Before World War II	9
1.2. The Universal Declaration	15
1.3. The Cold War Era	17
1.4. The Modern Era	22
2. THE LAW AND INSTITUTIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS	28
2.1. The Proliferation of Treaties	28
2.2. The UN Committees, Council, and High Commission	39
2.3. The European Court and Other Regional Bodies	48
2.4. International Criminal Law and Judicial Institutions	52
2.5. National Institutions	57
3. WHY DO STATES ENTER INTO HUMAN RIGHTS TREATIES?	59
3.1. To Improve Human Rights	59
3.2. The Costs of Entering into Human Rights Treaties	63
3.3. The “Western Imperialism” Criticism and Its Limits	66

## CONTENTS

4. DO STATES COMPLY WITH HUMAN RIGHTS TREATIES?	69
4.1. Human Rights Treaties and the Question of Compliance	69
4.2. Some Data	72
4.3. The Studies	76
5. WHY DO STATES COMPLY (OR NOT COMPLY) WITH HUMAN RIGHTS TREATIES?	79
5.1. International Incentives to Comply	79
5.2. Domestic Incentives to Comply	83
5.3. Ambiguity and Inconsistency	86
5.4. Why International Organizations Are No Solution	95
5.5. A Failure of Will	104
5.6. The Problem of Epistemic Uncertainty	108
5.7. The Importance of Political Participation	115
5.8. Reprise	121
6. HUMAN RIGHTS AND WAR	123
6.1. The Human Rights Peace	123
6.2. Humanitarian Interventions	127
6.3. The League of Democracies	135
7. A FRESH START: HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEVELOPMENT	137
7.1. Three Dead Ends	137
7.2. The White Man's Burden	140
<i>Acknowledgments</i>	149
<i>Appendix: List of Rights</i>	151
<i>Notes</i>	163
<i>Further Readings</i>	169
<i>Index</i>	177