Contents

Notes on contributors, xi

Series preface, xix

Preface, xxi

1 New directions in forensic anthropology, 1
Douglas H. Ubelaker

1.1 Introduction, 1
1.2 Detection and recovery, 3
1.3 Determination of human status, 4
1.4 Age at death, 6
1.5 Time since death, 7
1.6 Sex estimation, 8
1.7 Ancestry, 9
1.8 Living stature, 9
1.9 Postmortem history, 10
1.10 Positive identification, 10
1.11 Foul play, 11
1.12 Certification, 12
1.13 Conclusion, 13
Acknowledgments, 14
References, 14

2 Some thoughts on the future challenges to criminalistics, 19
Ronald L. Singer

2.1 Introduction, 19
2.2 Technological advances, 20
2.2.1 Computers, software, and databases, 20
2.2.2 DNA, 21
2.2.3 Impression evidence, 21
2.2.4 Instrumentation, 22
2.3 Quality issues, 23
2.3.1 NAS Report, 23

2.4 Financial burdens, 24
2.4.1 Seeking additional sources of grant funding, 25
2.4.2 Staffing, 25
2.4.3 Regionalization, 26
2.4.4 Consolidation, 26
2.4.5 Cost recovery, 27
2.4.6 Privatization, 28
Acknowledgments, 29
References, 29

3 Digital and multimedia sciences, 31
Zeno Geradts

3.1 Introduction, 31
3.2 History, 33
3.3 Digital evidence, 35
3.4 Damaged (mobile) devices, 37
3.5 Multimedia, 38
3.5.1 Deep learning (Hinton et al. 2006), 39
3.5.2 Camera identification, 40
3.5.3 Other biometrics, 41
3.6 Wearables and quantified self, 41
3.7 Drones, 41
3.8 Sensors, 42
3.9 Geo satellites, 42
3.10 Disasters/large scale incidents, 42
3.11 Quality assurance, 43
3.12 Challenges, 43
References, 44

4 A look at the future of forensic engineering science, 49
Thomas L. Bohan

"The future": a preface, 49
4.1 Junk law in the courtroom, 50
4.2 Forensic engineering sciences and needs of the modern world at large, 55
Acknowledgments, 58
References, 58

5 General section history: look at two disciplines and a review of standards, certifications, and education, 61
John E. Gerns

5.1 Introduction, 61
5.2 Forensic veterinary science, 62
5.3 Certification: introduction, 66
5.4 Certification—ABMDI, 66
5.5 Standards evolution—OSAC, 68
5.6 Standard evolution—ASB, 69
5.7 Education accreditation, 70
5.8 Summary, 71
Acknowledgements, 72
References, 72

6 The future of forensic science: hot leads in contemporary forensic research: Jurisprudence, 73
Carol Henderson

6.1 Daubert's history, 75
6.2 The *Daubert* test, 77
6.3 Questions raised by *Daubert*, 77
6.4 The NAS report, 78
6.5 The national commission on forensic science and the organization of scientific area committees, 80
6.6 NCFS, 80
6.7 OSAC, 82
6.8 The path forward for judicial and legal education in forensic science, 84
Acknowledgments, 87
References, 87

7 Forensic odontology, 91
Robert E. Barsley

7.1 Introduction, 91
7.2 Roles of the forensic odontologist, 92
7.3 Current considerations, 94
7.4 Identification by teeth, 96
7.5 Dental age assessment, 104
7.6 Bitemarks, 105

7.7 Abuse and negligence, 107
7.8 Closing, 107

8 Opportunities and problems faced in forensic pathology, 109
Edmund R. Donoghue

8.1 Opportunity: radiology technology and computer imaging, 109
8.2 Threat: dropping forensic pathology training requirement for anatomic pathology, 110
8.3 Threat: maintenance of certification could see some forensic pathologists unemployed, 111
8.4 Threat: standards are becoming increasingly detailed and rigorous, 112
8.5 Threat: forensic: overregulation by federal government and other entities, 112
8.6 Conclusion, 112

9 The future of forensic psychiatry and behavioral science, 113
Richard Rosner

9.1 The BRAIN initiative, 114
9.2 The law and the human mind, 114
9.3 Correlation is NOT causation, 115
9.4 Theories of consciousness, 115
9.5 The hard problem of consciousness, 116
9.6 Consciousness and the failure of the physical sciences, 117
9.7 The problem of free will, 118
9.8 The bottom line, 119
References, 119

10 The future of forensic document examination, 121
John L. Sang, Linton A. Mohammed and Carl R. McClary

10.1 What is a forensic document examiner (FDE)?, 121
10.2 Origins of questioned document examination, 123
10.3 Albert S. Osborn and the formation of the American Society of Questioned Document Examiners (ASQDE), 125

10.4 Ordway Hilton and the formation of American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS), 126
10.5 Questioned documents and the formation of the International Association of Forensic Sciences (IAFS), 128
10.6 Key issues, 128
10.6.1 Certification, 128
10.6.2 Standardization, 129
10.7 Standards of practice, 132
10.8 The Daubert standard and FDE, 135
10.9 How FDE meets Daubert, 137
10.9.1 Standards, 137
10.9.2 Error rate/reliability, 138
10.9.3 Testing of basic principles, 139
10.9.4 Peer review and publication, 142
10.9.5 General acceptance in the forensic community, 143
10.10 Research in FDE, 144
10.10.1 Neuroscience, 144
10.10.2 Eye tracking, 146
10.11 Signature and handwriting verification systems, 148
10.12 Automation in the forensic examination of handwriting, 148
10.13 Current research, 149
10.14 Conclusion, 150
10.14.1 The public and how law and forensics will be shaped, 150
10.14.2 Research, 151
10.14.3 Research in other document examinations, 151
References, 152
Further readings, 155
Measurement science and standards in forensic handwriting analysis – U.S. Commerce Department's National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Symposium, June 2013 presentations, 157

11 Past perspectives and future directions in forensic toxicology, 159
Barry K. Logan F-ABFT

11.1 Our history, 159
11.2 Reflections on factors affecting our future direction, 163
11.3 Facing forward, 167
11.3.1 Laboratory resources and the role of the Federal Government, 168
11.3.2 Standards development and harmonization of best practices, 168
11.3.3 Technology, 169
11.3.4 Training, research, and interdisciplinary collaboration, 171
11.4 Conclusion, 173
Acknowledgments, 174

Index, 175